### CONCERTS AT THE NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

### FEBRUARY-MARCH 1992

#### **FEBRUARY 1992**

9 Bradford Gowen, pianist Bach/Busoni/Hess: Chorale Transcriptions

> Leon Kirchner: Sonata (1948) Mendelssohn: Three Pieces Irving Fine: Music for Piano

Faure: (Four Pieces

16 The Lafayette String Quartet Resident String Quartet of the

Mozart: Quartet, K. 421 Barber: Quartet, Opus 11

University of Victoria,

Tchaikovsky: Quartet No. 1, Opus 11

British Columbia

23 David Buechner, pianist

Henry Martin: Preludes and Fugues Manuel de Falla: Dances from The Three-Cornered Hat Joaquin Turina: Bailete, Opus 79 Gershwin: Rhapsody No. 2

### **MARCH 1992**

1 National Gallery Orchestra George Manos, Conductor (Honoring the exhibition: John Singer Sargent's "El Jaleo".

De Falla: El amor brujo

Dvorak: Symphony No. 9, "From the

New World"

8 University of Wisconsin Concert Choir Robert Fountain, Director

J.S. Bach: Jesu, meine Freude Britten: Hymn to St. Cecilia Messiaen: O sacrum convivium Argento: In Praise of Apollo

15 Paul Galbraith, guitarist (Honoring the exhibitions: Guercino Drawings from Windsor Castle and Guercino: Master of the Baroque)

Laurencini: Fantasia Di Milano: Ricercari Frescobaldi: Variations Britten: Nocturnal on John Dowland

22 The Vienna Trio

Bach/Mozart: Adagio and Fugue Von Einem: Trio, Opus 74 Beethoven: Serenade, Opus 8

29 Peter Vinograde, pianist

Music of J.S. Bach: Fifteen

Two-part Inventions, BWV 772-786 Goldberg Variations, BWV 988

Concerts at the National Gallery are broadcast live on Radio Station WGMS, 103.5 FM. The use of cameras or recording devices during the performance is not allowed.

# THE WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL and F. LAMMOT BELIN CONCERTS

at the

# **National Gallery of Art**



# 1991-1992 Season

Celebrating Fifty Years of Free Concerts in the Nation's Capital

> George Manos Director of Music

Sunday Evenings at Seven O'clock West Building, West Garden Court

#### 2034th Concert

February 9, 1992

## Bradford Gowen, pianist

#### **PROGRAM**

Three Transcriptions from J. S. Bach	
Come, God, Creator! (tr. Ferruccio Busoni)	
Adagio in G Major, BWV 968 (tr. J. S. Bach)	
(from the Sonata in C Major for Solo Violin)	)
Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring (tr. Myra Hess)	

(b. 1933)

(b. 1915)

Leon Kirchner		Sonata (1948)	
(b. 1919)			
	Lento; doppio movimento; quasi adagio		
	Adagio		
	Allegro risoluto		
Felix Mendelssohn Three Piece			
(1809-1847)	Venetian Gondola Song, Opus 30, No. 6		
	Scherzo a capriccio in F-sharp Minor		

## INTERMISSION (Twelve minutes)

(from Seven Characteristic Pieces)

Strong and Fiery, Opus 7, No. 3

Irving Fine (1914-1962)	Music for Piano (1947)
(1914-1902)	Prelude
	Waltz-Gavotte
	Variations
	Interlude-Finale
Gabriel Fauré (1845-1924)	Four Pieces
F	Prelude in D Minor, Opus 108, No. 5
(	Capriccio, Opus 84, No. 1
A	Allegresse (Exuberance), Opus 40, No. 7
F	Eleventh Nocturne, Opus 104, No. 1
Akira Miyoshi	En vers (1980)

Robert Palmer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Toccata ostinato (1945)

Since winning First Prize in the 1978 Kennedy Center/Rockefeller Foundation International Competition for Excellence in the Performance of American Music, Bradford Gowen has received national attention. Shortly after receiving the American Music Prize, he made his New York recital debut at Alice Tully Hall and recorded an album of American music for New World Records. He was selected to perform Aaron Copland's *Piano* Concerto under the composer's direction in the National Symphony's 1980 Memorial Day concert on the Mall, and has appeared several times since with that orchestra under the batons of Mstislav Rostropovich and Maxim Shostakovich. In 1985, he presented the world premiere performance of Samuel Adler's Concerto for Piano and Orchestra. Bradford Gowen frequently appears in duo with his wife, Maribeth Gowen, and has written and recorded for *The Piano Quarterly*. He is chair of the piano faculty at the University of Maryland, College Park.

Four of the composers represented in Mr. Gowen's program – Ferrucio Busoni, Bach, Mendelssohn, and Fauré - need no introduction. The other names, however, appear less frequently on concert programs, and warrant some background information.

The English pianist, Dame Myra Hess, was born in 1890 and enjoyed a long and successful career which stretched from 1907 to 1962. In 1939 she instituted a series of lunchtime recitals in the National Gallery in London. at a time when all of the concert halls in the city were closed, due to the frequent bombing raids. The concerts continued until 1945 and served as a model for the weekly concerts which were begun in this gallery in 1942, of which this evening's concert is a part.

Leon Kirchner began composing while studying at Los Angeles City College, and later chose the field as his major at UCLA, where he was a pupil of Arnold Schoenberg. His music shows the influence of Schoenberg. Berg, and Webern, but exercises great freedom in moving into and out of strict twelve-tone style.

Irving Fine was educated in the public schools of Boston and Winthrop, Massachusetts, and went on to major in music as an undergraduate at Harvard. Subsequently, he studied composition in France with Nadia Boulanger. A recipient of numerous commissions, he composed works for the Ford Foundation, the University of Illinois, the Louisville Orchestra, the Library of Congress, and the Juilliard School of Music.

Akira Miyoshi became interested in composition as a pastime while majoring in French literature at the University of Tokyo, and augmented his academic course of study with private tutoring from composers Kozaburo Hirai and Raymond Gallois-Montbrun. He pursued further studies at the Paris Conservatory and has won several prestigious European and Japanese awards for composition. He is rector of the highly regarded Toho Gakuen Daigaku Music School in Tokyo.

Robert Palmer, a native of Syracuse, New York, needed to commute only one hundred miles to the neighboring city of Rochester to obtain his musical training at the Eastman School. His teachers and mentors included Rov Harris, Aaron Copland, and Quincy Porter, whose influence is most easily detectible in Palmer's work, along with that of Bartok. Palmer's Toccata ostinato, the most frequently performed of his works, is a lively variation of the boogie-woogie in 13/8 time.