NATIONAL GALLERY ORCHESTRA PERSONNEL

George Manos, Conductor

Violins	Nancy Ellsworth Judith Parkinson Cynthia Montooth Shin-ye Lu Patricia Cochran Mary Price Roger Weiler Victoria Noyes Eugene Dreyer Maurice Myers Lawrence Wallace Delores Robbins Ivan Minas-Bekov Cynthia Mauney	Oboes	Gene Montooth Carole Libelo Kathleen Golding
		Clarinets	Merlin Petroff Craig Rine Stephen Bates
		Bassoons	James Bolyard Donald Shore Nancy Stutsman
		Horns	Gregory Drone Samuel Ramsay Carolyn Parks William Arsers
Violas	Leon Feldman Donna Feldman Carl Rubis Barbara Winslow	Trumpets	Dennis Edelbrock Robert Hazen Craig Ryan
Cellos	Robert Newkirk David Premo Jean Robbins Helen Coffman	Trombones	Edward Kiehl Donald King David Summers
Basses	John Ricketts Norman Irvine	Tuba	Michael Bunn
		Timpani	Ronald Barnet
Flutes	William Montgomery Sally Montgomery Priscilla Fritter	Percussion	Albert Merz William Richard
		Harp	Rebecca A. Smith

 $\label{eq:harpsichord} \textit{Harpsichord} \ \ \textit{Richard Roeckelein}$ Eugene Dreyer, Personnel Manager



This is the last concert of the National Gallery's 1986-87 season. Concerts resume in the East Garden Court on October 4th, 1987, with the National Gallery Orchestra playing works of Schumann, Stravinsky and Beethoven, with Janis Vakarelis, piano soloist.

THE WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL CONCERTS

National Gallery of Art

1863rd Concert



THE NATIONAL GALLERY ORCHESTRA GEORGE MANOS, Conductor

Sunday Evening, June 28, 1987, at Seven O'clock West Building, East Garden Court

PROGRAM

Igor Stravinsky	Suite for Orchestra No. 1 (1917-25)
I	Andante
II	Napolitana
	Española
IV	Balalaika
	Suite for Orchestra No. 2
I	Marche
II	Valse
III	Polka
IV	Galop
Richard Wagner	Siegfried Idyll (1870)
INT	ERMISSION
	lve minutes
Georges Bizet	Symphony No. 1, in C (1855)
	egro vivo
Ad	agio
All	egro vivace
All	egro vivace

These Concerts are Broadcast by Station WGMS 570 AM and 103.5 FM.

The Suites by Igor Stravinsky on tonight's National Gallery Orchestra program are arrangements he made of some of his own pieces for piano, four hands. They exemplify Stravinsky's parodistic style, which reached its epitome in the composition of *A Soldier's Tale* in 1918.

Wagner composed only a few orchestra pieces that were not intended for use in his operas, of which the *Siegfried Idyll* is one. It was composed in December, 1870, and marked three joyous events in Wagner's life: his wife Cosima's thirty-third birthday on Christmas day of that year, the birth of their son, Siegfried, which had occurred in June of 1869, and their marriage, which had occurred in August, 1870.

Georges Bizet is a composer who has the dubious good fortune of being world-famous on account of just one of his works, the opera *Carmen*. He was actually a musician of broad range and varied output, and his *Symphony in C*, which he wrote when just seventeen years old, shows him at his best in spontaneity and originality. It is indicative of the one-sidedness of the public response to Bizet that this work was not performed until 1935. It is modeled on the *First Symphony* of Charles Gounod which Bizet had arranged as a study assignment. The lyrical oboe melody in the second movement presages the lovely passages for the same instrument in his later works, notably the *L'Arlésienne Suite*. The first two themes of the final movement show his flair for exotic and energentic melodies, which was to serve him so well in writing *Carmen*.

The concerts are open to the public, free of charge.